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GRAMMAR

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UNIT 13

CONDITIONALS / ΥΠΟΘΕΤΙΚΟΙ ΛΟΓΟΙ

Κάθε υποθετικός λόγος αποτελείται από δύο προτάσεις:

- Την υποθετική πρόταση που αρχίζει με το **if** (=αν) και αποτελεί την **ΥΠΟΘΕΣΗ**.
- Την κύρια πρόταση, η οποία αποτελεί την **ΑΠΟΔΟΣΗ**.

Όταν ο υποθετικός λόγος **αρχίζει** με την **υπόθεση** και μετά ακολουθεί η απόδοση, τότε χωρίζουμε τις προτάσεις με **κόμμα**. Στην περίπτωση όμως που **αρχίζει** με την **απόδοση**, **ΔΕ** χωρίζουμε τις προτάσεις με **κόμμα**:

If I find something better, I'll change my job. • *I'll change my job if I find something better.*



1ος ΥΠΟΘΕΤΙΚΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ (1st TYPE)

Ο πρώτος υποθετικός λόγος αναφέρεται σε κάτι πολύ πιθανό να συμβεί στο παρόν ή στο μέλλον.

ΥΠΟΘΕΣΗ

(δευτερεύουσα πρόταση)

ΑΠΟΔΟΣΗ

(κύρια πρόταση)

IF + PRESENT SIMPLE

*If I have time,
If Tom studies hard,*

FUTURE SIMPLE

*I will visit him.
he will pass the test.*

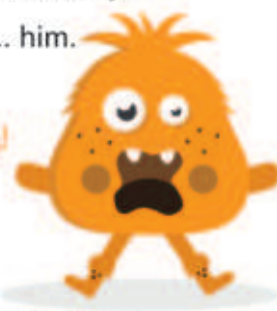


*If you step
on my foot
again, I'll find
a new partner!*

A. CONDITIONALS: 1st TYPE

	PRESENT		FUTURE
1. If it (not rain)	<i>doesn't rain</i>	we (go)	<i>'ll go</i> on a picnic.
2. If we (be)	<i>are</i>	Dad (be)	<i>will be</i> angry.
3. If he (phone)	<i>phones</i>	I (not tell)	<i>won't tell</i> him anything.
4. If you (not leave)	<i>don't leave</i>	I (call)	<i>will call</i> the police.
5. If Tom (take)	<i>takes</i>	he (get)	<i>will get</i> there early.
6. If we (see)	<i>see</i>	we (invite)	<i>will invite</i> him.

Hurry up! you'll miss the bus!



B. CONDITIONALS (1st TYPE)

1. You'll miss the bus if you (not hurry) *don't hurry*
2. If he (be) *is* lucky, he will win the game.
3. If they go to Eurodisney, they (have) *will have* fun.
4. We will go out if I (not be) *am not* busy tomorrow.
5. If she phones me, I (tell) *will tell* her the news.
6. If he doesn't leave now, he (be) *will be* late for work.

CONDITIONALS (1st TYPE) MODAL VERBS (can, may, must / imperative)

Στην απόδοση του 1ου υποθετικού λόγου, αντί για μέλλοντα (will), μπορούμε να χρησιμοποιήσουμε και άλλα modal verbs: CAN (μπορώ), MAY (ίσως), MUST (πρέπει). • If you *want* to succeed, you *must try* hard.

- We *can go* shopping if you *are not* busy.

Μπορούμε, επίσης, να χρησιμοποιήσουμε προστακτική (imperative).

- *Call* a doctor if you *don't feel* well, • If he *calls*, *don't talk* to him.



ΥΠΟΘΕΣΗ
IF + PRESENT

ΑΠΟΔΟΣΗ

- FUTURE
- MODALS
- IMPERATIVE

if you finish the job,
you *will be* happy.
you *can/may/must* leave.
take a holiday.

C. CONDITIONALS: 1st TYPE

- (take) *Take* an aspirin if you (have) *have* a headache.
- If I (find) *find* the time, I (may - dig) *may dig* the garden.
- If we (go) *go* there, we (can - pick) *can pick* some flowers.
- If you (have) *have* a temperature, (stay) *stay* in bed.
- He (can - cut) *can cut* the grass if it (not rain) *doesn't rain*
- (drink) *Drink* a cup of tea if you (have) *have* a sore throat.
- If you (not be) *are not* busy, (water) *water* the flowers.
- I (can - plant) *can plant* these trees if the weather (be) *is* nice.
- The garden (look) *will look* nicer if you (dig and water) *dig and water* it.
- You (catch) *will catch* a cold if you (not put on) *don't put on* your jacket.

TOPIC VOCABULARY: ILLNESS



headache



temperature



sore throat



a cold

TOPIC VOCABULARY: GARDENING



water



plant



pick



dig



cut

D. CONDITIONALS: 1st TYPE

- Your father *will get* (get) angry if you *do* (do) that.
- You *must have* (must - have) something to eat if you *are* (be) hungry.
- They *can win* (can - win) the game if the team *plays* (play) well.
- If he *asks* (ask) me, I *will marry* (marry) him.
- If you *need* (need) any money, you *can find* (can - find) some in the biscuit tin.
- If she *speaks* (speak) French, she *will get* (get) the job.
- Go* (go) to the doctor if you *don't feel* (not feel) well.
- We *may go* (may - go) to the country if the weather *is* (be) nice.
- If you *have* (have) time, *call* (call) me.
- If you *aren't* (not be) tired, *will you clean* (clean) the house and the car?

UNIT 13

CONDITIONALS / ΥΠΟΘΕΤΙΚΟΙ ΛΟΓΟΙ

2

CONDITIONALS (2nd TYPE)

Ο 2ος υποθετικός λόγος αναφέρεται σε υποθέσεις, οι οποίες είναι φανταστικές και είναι δύσκολο ή αδύνατον να συμβούν στο παρόν ή στο μέλλον:

- *If she married me, ...* (Αν με παντρευόταν...)
- *If I became an astronaut, ...* (Αν γινόμουν αστροναύτης...)
- *If snakes had legs, ...* (Αν τα φίδια είχαν πόδια...)

ΥΠΟΘΕΣΗ

(δευτερεύουσα
υποθετική πρόταση)

ΑΠΟΔΟΣΗ

(κύρια πρόταση)

IF + PAST SIMPLE

- *If they invited us,*

WOULD + INFINITIVE (απαρέμφατο)

we would go.



*I'd have
nicer teeth if
I had a better
dentist.*



NOTE

• *If I didn't have work tomorrow, I'd go to the beach.*

Βλέπουμε, πως παρ' όλο που αναφερόμαστε στο παρόν ή στο μέλλον, χρησιμοποιούμε Αόριστο στην υπόθεση του 2ου Υποθετικού λόγου.

TG: Do a combined drill as for the 1st type conditionals (p.72)

E. CONDITIONALS: 2nd TYPE

PAST

1. If he (*speak*) *spoke* English,
2. If cameras (*not cost*) *didn't cost* so much,
3. If you (*not drive*) *didn't drive* carelessly,
4. If you (*live*) *lived* abroad,
5. If you (*listen*) *listened* carefully,
the problem.
6. If you (*speak*) *spoke* to her husband,

WOULD + INFINITIVE

- he (*get*) *would get* the job.
- I (*buy*) *would buy* one.
- the police (*not stop*) *wouldn't stop* you.
- you (*miss*) *would miss* your country.
- you (*understand*) *would understand*
- she (*be*) *would be* jealous.



F. CONDITIONALS: 2nd TYPE

1. If we left now, we (*catch*) *would catch* the 8 o'clock train.
2. If you didn't do it, mother (*be*) *would be* very angry.
3. I would go if he (*invite*) *invited* me to the party.
4. If we studied more, we (*pass*) *would pass* the exam.
5. If I felt well, I (*go*) *would go* out.
6. She would marry him if he (*have*) *had* a job.
7. If they (*not be*) *weren't* tired, they would clean their room!
8. If they had time, they (*visit*) *would visit* us.

2ος ΥΠΟΘΕΤΙΚΟΣ ΛΟΓΟΣ (2nd TYPE)

Στην υπόθεση του 2ου είδους, **αντί για would**, μπορούμε να χρησιμοποιήσουμε:

could (= θα μπορούσα)
might (= ίσως)

ΥΠΟΘΕΣΗ

IF + PAST

If he asked me,
(Αν μου το ζητούσε,)

ΑΠΟΔΟΣΗ

WOULD, COULD, MIGHT

- I **would** go. (θα πήγαίνα).
- I **could** go. (θα μπορούσα να πάω).
- I **might** go. (ίσως πήγαίνα).

G. CONDITIONALS: 2nd TYPE

IF + PAST

1. If I (know) **knew** her phone number,
2. If he (need) **needed** company,
3. If she (tell) **told** me the truth,
4. If they (miss) **missed** the train,
5. If he (get) **got** a job,
6. If we (go) **went** to the theatre,
7. If I (lose) **lost** my wallet,
8. If I (get up) **got up** early in the morning,

WOULD, COULD, MIGHT

1. I (call) **would call** her.
2. I (can go) **could** go.
3. I (help) **would help** her.
4. they (can catch) **could catch** the bus.
5. he (maybe) **might be** happier.
6. we (get) **would get** her autograph.
7. I (go) **would go** to the police.
8. I (can go) **could go** shopping.

CONDITIONALS 1st ➔ 2nd TYPE

Για να μετατρέψουμε έναν υποθετικό λόγο από το 1ο στο 2ο είδος, βάζουμε στον Αόριστο το ρήμα της υπόθεσης και τα modals (will ➔ would, can ➔ could, may ➔ might)

If he **calls**, we **can** go.

• They **will** miss the bus if they **don't** leave now.

If he **called**, we **could** go.

• They **would** miss the bus if they **didn't** leave now.



H. CONDITIONALS (1st 2nd TYPE)

1. If you tell them my secret, I will not speak to you again.
*If you **told** them my secret, I **would** not speak to you again.*
2. We may have more time to talk if you come early.
*We **might** have more time to talk if you **came** early.*
3. I won't go out if I feel tired. *I **wouldn't** go out if I **felt** tired.*
4. If you have the key, you can open the door.
*If you **had** the key, you **could** open the door.*
5. If you talk to her, she will understand your problem.
*If you **talked** to her, she **would** understand your problem.*
6. If John doesn't come with me, I won't go to the cinema.
*If John **didn't** come with me, I **wouldn't** go to the cinema.*
7. I will go with them if they leave now. *I **would** go with them if they **left** now.*
8. If she has money, she will buy it. *If she **had** money, she **would** buy it.*

IF I WAS/WERE...

Όταν στο 2ο υποθετικό λόγο κάνουμε υποθέσεις με το ρήμα **to be** (was - were), τότε για όλα τα πρόσωπα χρησιμοποιούμε συνήθως το **WERE** και όχι τόσο το was.

- If he **were/was** here, he would tell me.

IF I WERE YOU...

Η φράση **If I were you...** χρησιμοποιείται για να δώσουμε συμβουλές.

- If I **were you**, I wouldn't drink whisky.
- If I **were you**, I would change my job.

JOBS



doctor
help sick
people



vet
help
animals



poet
write
poems



DJ
play
records



director
make
films



sailor
see the
world

I. CONDITIONALS: IF (+ WAS / WERE)

1. If I (be) **were** a doctor, I (can help) **could help** sick people.
2. If I (be) **was/ were** you, I (become) **would become** a vet.
3. If I (be) **was/ were** a poet, I (write) **would write** poems.
4. If I (be) **was/ were** you, I (become) **would become** a doctor.
5. If he (be) **was/ were** a director, he (make) **would make** films.
6. I (play) **would play** music if I (be) **was/ were** a DJ.
7. He (can help) **could help** animals if he (be) **was/ were** a vet.
8. If he (be) **was/ were** a sailor, he (see) **would see** the world.

School

PASS/FAIL (IN)	TAKE	DO	GET
a test, an exam, in Maths	a test, an exam	an exercise, homework, a test well, Maths, Geography	bad/good marks, A, B, C

I. CONDITIONALS: 1st & 2nd TYPE

1. If you (not do) **don't do** your homework, your teacher **will call** your parents.
2. If you (do) **did** your exercises, I'd **buy you** an ice cream.
3. If she **doesn't pass** the test, she (may not go) **may not go** on holiday.
4. If you **studied** for your exams, you (not get) **would not get** bad marks.
5. If I **were you**, I (do) **would do** this test.
6. You **will fail** in History if you (not study) **don't study**.
7. I (take) **would take** the exam if I **were you**.
8. Father **would buy you** a new bike if you (get) **got** an A in English.



K. FILL IN THE GAPS WITH THE CORRECT WORD

IF I WERE RICH

Sometimes I sit in my bedroom and think about the world and all the terrible pictures we see on TV. There are a lot of poor, sick people and if I ^{were} (1) older, I ^{would} (2) help them. ^{If I were} (3) a rich man, I ^{would build} (4) houses for poor people. I ^{could send} (5) presents to children in third world countries. The problem is I am not rich, so what can I do? Well, if a friend ^{is} (6) unhappy, I ^{can talk} (7) to him. If someone is ill, I ^{can} (8) visit them; ^{If I see} (9) a hungry cat or dog, I ^{can give} (10) it some food. That is what I can do!

1st Conditional: is, can, if I see, can talk, can give

2nd conditional: were, if I were, would build, would, could send

love



L.M.C.Q.

- Where will you stay if you to Corfu?
- If I £5,000, I would visit Spain.
- If I were you, I to my boss.
- What will you do if they tonight?
- If I'm lucky, I the job.
- If you a jacket, you will catch a cold.
- What would you say if he you that?
- Take the bus if you the train.
- Who will he ask if he help?
- If Amy well, she won't go to school.
- If I younger, I'd change my job.
- What if you met her?

- | | | |
|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|
| a. go | b. will go | c. won't go |
| a. won | b. win | c. wins |
| a. talk | b. will talk | c. would talk |
| a. come | b. not come | c. came |
| a. will get | b. get | c. don't get |
| a. don't wear | b. didn't wear | c. doesn't wear |
| a. ask | b. asked | c. doesn't ask |
| a. would miss | b. missed | c. miss |
| a. needs | b. needed | c. might need |
| a. not feel | b. doesn't feel | c. didn't feel |
| a. am | b. were | c. would be |
| a. will you do | b. you did | c. would you do |



M. FILL IN THE MISSING WORD

- There's a big football match tomorrow.
If I have time, I ^{will} go.
- If I ^{were} you, I would go there by car.
- What will we do it rains?
- We can watch it on TV if it not a nice day.
- If you ^{get} good marks, I'll buy you a new computer.

