

CONTENTS



Unit 1 Simple Present - Present Continuous	4
Unit 2 Future will-"going to"	12
Unit 3 Simple Past - Past Continuous	20
Unit 4 Adjectives	28
Unit 5 Adverbs	36
Unit 6 Present Perfect Simple	42
Unit 7 Present Perfect Simple VS Past Simple	50
Revision 1 Units 1-7	56
Unit 8 Present Perfect Continuous	58
Unit 9 Question Words	64
Unit 10 Modal verbs I	70
Unit 11 Modal verbs II	76
Unit 12 Conditionals Sentences Type 1	82
Unit 13 Nouns	88
Unit 14 Articles	96
Revision 2 Units 8-14	104
Unit 15 Possessives	106
Unit 16 Reflexive- Emphatic Pronouns	112
Unit 17 Past Perfect Simple	118
Unit 18 Question Tags	126
Unit 19 Passive Voice	132
Unit 20 Prepositions	140
Revision 3 Units 15-20	148
GLOSSARY	150
Instructions-Student's Manual	154
IRREGULAR VERBS	155
MOVERS	160

Conditionals

unit 12

Type 1

1 Look and read

Girls...



Oh! That's so boring. **If we go** to the war museum, **we'll have** a terrible time.



That's not true. **Unless we go** somewhere else, the trip **will be** awful.



That's not fair! There are more boys in the class. **If we vote**, the boys **will win**.

If you give something to children, **they** always **want** more.



That's enough. **Unless you are** quiet, **we won't go** anywhere!

Boys...



Well, tomorrow we're going on a school trip to the War Museum.

No, Miss! **If we visit** the museum, **we can do** many things. It'll be wonderful.



We can vote if you want.



If you don't like the museum, **don't come**.



Yes, Miss! **We must vote**.



2

Look at the examples of conditionals and discuss their use with your classmates.



Οι **Conditional Sentences** (υποθετικές προτάσεις) αποτελούνται από δύο μέρη:

A. Τη δευτερεύουσα πρόταση, η οποία ονομάζεται **if- clause** (υπόθεση).

B. Την κύρια πρόταση, η οποία ονομάζεται **main clause**.

Η **if clause** (υπόθεση) εισάγεται με **"if"** (αν) ή **"unless"** (εκτός εάν/εάν δεν).



A

Conditional Type 1 Form

Το **type 1** (πρώτο είδος υποθετικού λόγου) αναφέρεται σε κάτι πολύ **πιθανό** να συμβεί στο **παρόν** και στο **μέλλον**.

e.g. If I go to the supermarket, I'll buy you a bottle of milk.
(Αν πάω στο supermarket θα σου αγοράσω ένα μπουκάλι γάλα.)

→ Είναι πολύ πιθανό να πάω.

Για να σχηματίσω τον υποθετικό λόγο πρώτου είδους χρησιμοποιώ:

Conditional Type 1

If + Clause

• If + Present Simple

If you take a taxi,

If you want,

If you see her,

• If + Present Perfect Simple

(για κάτι που έχει ολοκληρωθεί)

If you have finished your homework,

• If + Present Simple

(για να εκφράσω γενική αλήθεια)

If you heat ice,

Main Clause

a. Future Simple

you'll get to work in time

b. Modal Verbs (can, may, must)

we can go for a walk.

c. Imperative (Προστακτική)

don't tell her anything.

a. Future Simple / b. Modal verbs/ c. Imperative

you can play with your friends.

Present Simple

it melts. (Αν ζεστάνεις τον πάγο, λιώνει.)



• Όταν η **if clause** προηγείται τότε τη χωρίζουμε από την κύρια με **κόμμα**.

e.g. If you come to my party, you'll meet my new friends.

• Όταν η **main clause** προηγείται τότε **δεν** βάζω **κόμμα**.

e.g. You'll meet my friends if you come to my party.

Το **"unless"** (εκτός αν/εάν δεν) αντικαθιστά το "if not" στην if-clause.

e.g. The boys will go jogging tomorrow **if it doesn't rain**.

e.g. The boys will go jogging tomorrow **unless it rains**.

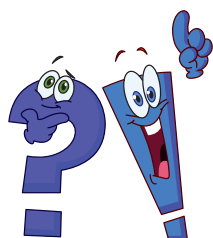


Attention!

Όταν θέλω να κάνω ερώτηση στον υποθετικό λόγο, σχηματίζω ερώτηση στην κύρια πρόταση αφού πρώτα την έχω τοποθετήσει στην αρχή της πρότασης αν δεν βρίσκεται ήδη εκεί.

e.g. If I go shopping tomorrow, you will come with me.

Will you come with me if I go shopping tomorrow?



4 Classwork



A. Write sentences using conditional Type 1.

e.g. Teddy/study hard — pass/his exams

3. they/go out/in the rain — they/get sick



If Teddy studies hard, he will pass his exams.

1. she/drive fast — she/have/an accident



If she drives fast, she will have

an accident.

2. the baby/climb up/the stairs — he/fall



If the baby climbs up the stairs, he will fall.



If they go out in the rain, they will get sick.

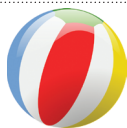
4. she/not take/an umbrella — she/get wet



If she doesn't take an umbrella, she will get wet.

Unless she takes an...

B. Let's Play!



Group activity: Ask your classmates what they will do in these situations.

somebody steals your mobile phone

there's a horror film on TV

your parents tell you to clean your room

a stranger asks you for money

you go to school without your bag

you get lost in the forest

Student A: What will you do if somebody steals your mobile phone?

Student's own answers

Student B: If somebody steals my mobile phone, I will go to the police station.

5 Homework



A. Complete the sentences using Conditional Type 1. (If + Present Simple → Future will)

e.g. Danny will get a medal if he wins (win) the race.

1. They won't visit you if you don't invite (not invite) them.
2. If I see (see) Kate, I'll give her the keys.
3. I'll help my friends if they need (need) me.
4. If Bill doesn't hurry (not hurry), he'll miss the school bus.
5. If Tony doesn't wear (not wear) his coat, he'll catch a cold.
6. Mike will lose his way if he doesn't get (not get) a map.



Score

B. Complete the sentences using conditional Type 1. (If Present Simple → Modal Verbs/ Imperative)

e.g. He can find (can/find) some money in the drawer if he needs (need) any.

1. Visit (visit) the Colosseum if you go (go) to Rome.
2. If Fred goes (go) to Egypt, he can ride (can/ride) on camels.
3. Visit (visit) Greece if you like (like) nice beaches.
4. If I have (have) time, I may visit (may/visit) you.
5. You may play (may/play) with your friends if you finish (finish) it.
6. He must drink (must/drink) hot tea if he has (have) a sore throat.
7. We may go (may/go) to the countryside if the weather is (be) good.

Score

C. Complete the sentences using Conditional Type 1. (If + Present Simple → Present Simple)

e.g. If you freeze water, it becomes (become) ice.

1. Plants die if they don't get (not/get) enough water.
2. If my husband has (have) a cold, I usually catch it too.
3. If public transport is good, people stop (stop) using their cars.
4. If you mix red and blue, you get (get) purple.
5. If you heat (heat) ice cream, it melts.



Score

A cartoon illustration of a young boy with blonde hair, wearing a green t-shirt and brown pants. He is holding a piece of paper with a large red 'F' grade on it, looking at it with a sad expression. To his left is a clipboard with a black clip and a piece of lined paper with the word 'Score' written on it.

If Bob doesn't study, he will fail.

If Bobby climbs that tree,

he will fall.



A colorful illustration of a train station platform. A red train with yellow and black stripes is stopped at the platform. Several people are waiting: a man in a grey suit, a woman in a red dress, a child in a blue shirt, and a woman in a purple dress with a pink backpack. A man in a yellow shirt is sitting on a bench reading a newspaper. The train has large windows showing people inside.

If Ryan and Sandra

miss the train, they will

be late.

A cartoon illustration of a young boy with spiky brown hair, wide eyes, and a worried expression. He is sitting up in bed, which has a wooden headboard and two large, fluffy pink pillows. He is holding a red alarm clock that is ringing, indicated by several short lines radiating from the top. He is wearing a light blue t-shirt. On the wall behind him is a framed picture of a bright sun and two white clouds. To the left of the bed, a green bag hangs on the wall with the word 'Mon' written on it in black letters. The background is a light blue sky.

If Terry wakes up late,

he will not go to school.

3. What will happen if John falls off his bike?
(break his leg)

.....If John falls off his bike,.....

he will break his leg.



5. What will happen if Robert catches a cold? (stay in bed)



If Robert catches a cold,

he will stay in bed.

e.g. If you continue to lie to me, I **won't** speak to you again.

a. don't

b. won't

1. If we water, there won't be any left.

a. won't save

b. don't save

2. If you are ready, I you to the train station.

a. will take

b. take

3. If you your homework, put your books away.

a. will finish

b. have finished

4. If Mary the washing up, she can watch TV.

a. has done

b. do

5. If we continue to cut down trees, forests

a. will disappear

b. disappear



F. Rewrite the sentences using unless.

e.g. If you don't have any money, you can't take a taxi.

Unless you have some money, you can't take a taxi.

1. If you don't feed the dog before you go to work, it will be hungry all day.

Unless you feed the dog before you go to work, it will be hungry all day.

2. If you don't tell her, she won't know the truth.

Unless you tell her, she won't know the truth.

3. If she doesn't eat healthy food, she will not lose any weight.

Unless she eats healthy food, she will not lose any weight.

4. If we don't study hard, we won't pass the exams.

Unless we study hard, we won't pass the exams.

5. She won't go to school if she doesn't feel better tomorrow.

She won't go to school unless she feels better tomorrow.

6. If she hasn't cleaned her room, she can't go to the cinema.

Unless she has cleaned her room, she can't go to the cinema.



6. Revision exercise (Unit 11)

Circle the correct answer.

e.g. "Can I go on that ride, dad?" "No, you can't."

a. Shall

b. Can

c. Would

1. Don't chase your brother or I tell your mother.

a. would

b. can

c. will

2. I've won all the races. I drive very well.

a. can

b. would

c. will

3. you like some syrup with your ice cream?

a. Would

b. Will

c. Could

4. "..... I ride the rollercoaster, mum?" "Yes, you can."

a. Will

b. Would

c. Could

5. I see your tickets, please?

a. Would

b. Will

c. May

6. You get off the carousel till it stops.

a. don't have to

b. mustn't

c. wouldn't

Score